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# HYDROLOGICAL RISK AND ASSOCIATED SCOUR RISK - CASE STUDY SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS -

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# PRESENTATION OUTLINE

- **Introduction**
- **Case Study**
- **Hydrological Risk**
- **Scour Risk**
- **Sensitivity Analysis**

Introduction

Case Study

Hydrological Risk

Scour Risk

Sensitivity Analysis



Hydraulic Infrastructures  
Collapses



Causes



Levels of Risk



Consequences

## Introduction

## Case Study

## Hydrological Risk

## Scour Risk

## Sensitivity Analysis

### Hydraulic Causes

- Floods;
- Scour; ←
- Hurricane;
- Ship collision.

### Consequences

- Socio-economic disruption;
- Human fatalities;
- Increased greenhouse gas emissions resulting from detours and delays.

### Levels of Risk

- From acceptable to unacceptable;
- Depends on the bridge's typology, importance and dimensions as well as on the consequences of its possible collapse, including possible material damage and loss of human lives.



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- Collapse of the Entre-os-Rios bridge, over Douro river, Portugal;
- Cause: Persistence of floods exceeding  $8.000 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$  - scouring around its foundation.
- Consequences: Loss of 59 human lives; Traffic disruption; Construction of a new crossing.
- New Hintze Ribeiro bridge (May, 2002).
- Built 7.5 m upstream of the old bridge's position.
- The new bridge foundations have a pile-supported piers geometry.

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Hydrological risk is defined as the probability of occurrence of an event (i.e.: floods) at least once over a period of n successive years.

Return Period (T)

Hydrological Risk ( $R_H$ )

$$R_H = P(x \geq x_T) = 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{T}\right)^n$$

Design Life (n)

$R_H$ (%)	Expected design life, n (years)		
	50	100	200
50	73	145	289
40	98	196	392
30	141	281	561
25	174	348	696
20	225	449	897
15	308	616	1231
10	475	950	1899
5	975	1950	3900

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## Scour risk rating

(Highways Agency, 2012<sup>1</sup>)

Relative Scour ( $D_R$ )  
 $D_R = D_T / D_F$

- $D_T$  - Total depth of scour, calculated for each design flood and associated return period;
- $D_F$  - Foundation depth.

Priority factor ( $P_f$ )  
 $P_f = FHMT_R V$

- F - Foundation type factor;
- H - History of scour problem factor;
- M - Foundation material factor;
- $T_R$  - Type of river factor;
- V - Importance factor.

<sup>1</sup>Highways Agency. (2012). The assessment of scour and other hydraulic actions at highway structures. Design manual for roads and bridges, 3.

So...

- $D_F=17\text{m}$  (IP, 2019);
- $P_f=0.9$  (calculated);
- T ranges between 5 and 1000 years;
- Design Floods (Statistical Method);
- $D_T$  (HEC-RAS).

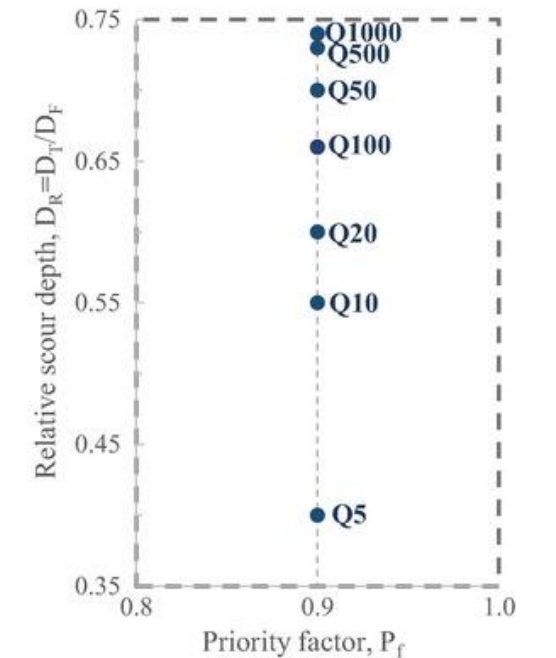
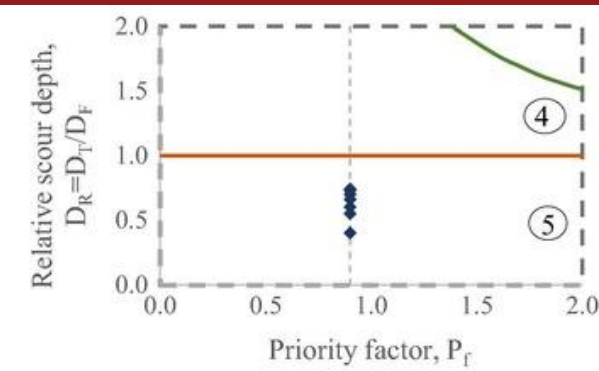
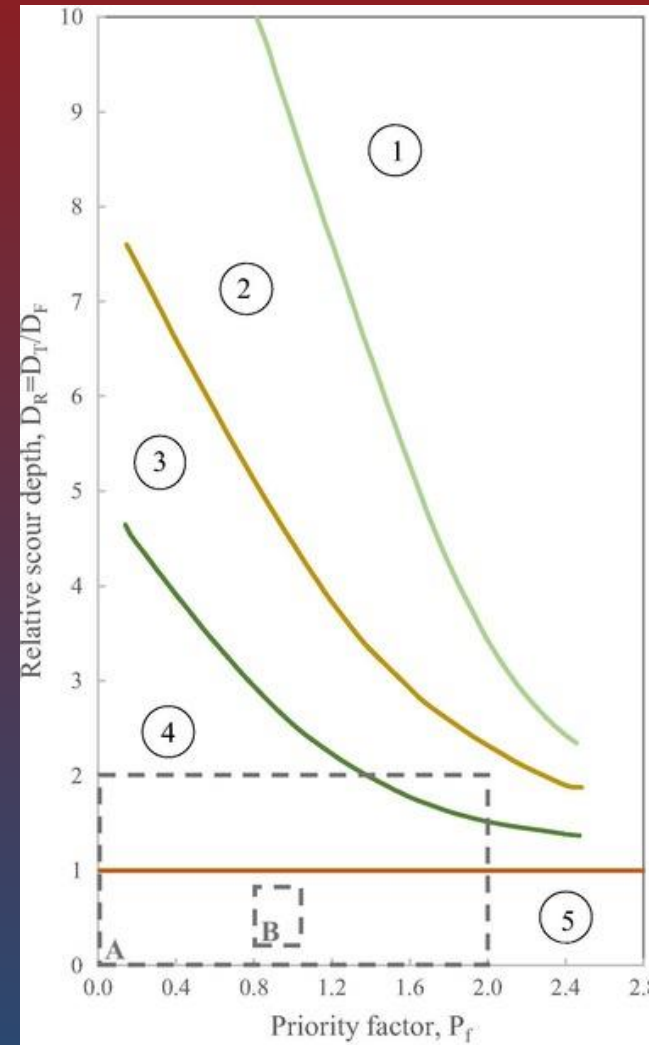
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Hydrological Risk ( $R_H$ )



Scour Risk ( $R_S$ )

Assuming  $n = 50$  years

T (years)	$R_H$	$R_S$
2	100%	5
5	100%	5
10	99%	5
20	92%	5
50	64%	5
100	39%	5
500	10%	5
1000	5%	5

- ❖ A 100-year return period corresponds to a hydrological risk of 40%;
- ❖ A hydrological risk of 10% corresponds to a 500-year design flood;
- ❖ The level of risk does not depend on design life ( $n$ );
- ❖  $R_H \downarrow$  Design Floods  $\uparrow$   $R_S \uparrow$

*While Q500 is associated with a lower hydrological risk, the water level regarding that design flood reaches the bridge deck, which adds other sources of instability in addition to the inherent scour risk.*

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**Sensitivity Analysis**

**THANK YOU FOR  
YOUR ATTENTION**

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